

WHEN YOU SEE IT IN THE GAZETTE IT'S
CLEAN,
CORRECT,
COMPLETE.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

Sun rises today, 6:10 a.m., sets, 4:30.
Mean temperature yesterday, 37.
Weather today, unsettled, cold.
Sunshine yesterday, 0 per cent of possible.

NO. 12,090 42ND YEAR

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., MONDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1913

PRICE FIVE CENTS

Y. W. C. A. HOME DEDICATED BY PRES. SLOCUM

Magnificent Structure Opened
to Public by Impressive
Ceremonies

HOLD "OPEN HOUSE" TODAY

Men and Women Who Made
Building Possible Praised
for Unselfishness

"So we dedicate today to this Lord's day—this Y. W. C. A. building to the service of God and his son, Jesus Christ, praying that during long years to come it shall minister to the young women of Colorado Springs in manifold ways, and also to the stranger who comes within our gates. And we rejoice that the faith and the eager desires of women will receive the blessing of the Lord of humanity, and we rejoice that their faith will find its blessing in the fulfillment of that which they have willed and desired. We praise God that the heaven which they have placed in the midst of the life here is to affect in manifold ways that which makes human life holiest and noblest."

With a most beautiful and inspiring address and before several hundred of the most prominent men and women of Colorado Springs, Dr. William F. Slocum, president of Colorado college, yesterday afternoon formally dedicated the magnificent new home of the local branch of the Y. W. C. A., at the corner of Kiowa street and Nevada avenue. The ceremony was a marked success, the dedicatory ceremonies were carried out in the same elaborate style that marked the construction of the building.

In addition to Dr. Slocum, Miss Jean Rina, a daughter of the Y. W. C. A., and several other women, made a brief address. The dedication was delivered by Clarence P. Dodge, the Rev. Arthur N. Taft read a scripture lesson and the Rev. Merle N. Smith offered up the prayer. Chorus from Grace and St. Stephens churches and the association furnished the music, which was most beautiful and a feature of the ceremonies.

Praises Workers for Home.
In his address Mr. Slocum had nothing but praise for the men and women who have made possible the imposing new home of the Y. W. C. A.

"It is fitting for us to express our gratitude to all who have made it a possibility, to those who have planned and contributed and to those who have stood in the heart of this community where it will reach to the lives of those to whom it seeks to minister," said President Slocum. "For many years it will be a force for the creation of that mighty power for righteousness in the life of the world, an unbroken womanhood. Here, as the years come and go, here will be carried out those beneficent purposes which have been realized in so many communities because of this world-wide organization."

Dr. Slocum spoke of the building as "admirably planned, wisely located and unusually well adapted for the ends for which the association exists in this city." The good which the organization will be enabled to do in Colorado Springs, both for local young women and strangers, will be increased manifold by virtue of being possessed of a new home, declared President Slocum.

Open House Today.
"Open house" will be observed at the new building this afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock, when all friends and supporters of the association will have the privilege of inspecting the home and enjoying tea. Miss Strong's orchestra will furnish music throughout the reception. A survey of the purposes and

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WINTRY WEATHER FOR
WEEK IS PREDICTED

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Wintry weather is predicted for the next few days in the greater part of the country, says the Rocky mountain forecast. It is possible, says the forecast, that tonight, that general clouds will cover the first half of the week in the Rocky mountain states and the northern middle states east of the Rocky mountains and parts and snow along the northern border. It will be a cold, but not a severe, weather, with a few light snows and a few light frosts.

MEXICO IS QUIET OVER ELECTIONS

THREE CANDIDATES FOR
THE PRESIDENCY

Public Apparently Is Little
Interested in Outcome
of the Struggle

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 19.—With the elections a week off, and the assurance of three candidates in the field for the presidency, there appears to be no noticeable interest on the part of the general public as to who triumphs. There is no speechmaking, no parades, only a few posters announcing several candidates.

The newspapers have paid little attention to the approaching elections, printing only occasional deprecatory articles directed chiefly against the validity of the candidacy of Federico Gamboa, nominated by the Catholic party.

Senor Gamboa looks for special support from Jalisco, Guanajuato, Queretaro and other central states.

Managers of the campaign of Manuel Calero, the Liberal candidate, assert that much work has been done for him in Vera Cruz, Oaxaca and Yucatan.

Diaz Supporters Hampered.
The supporters of Gen. Porfirio Diaz appear to have been hampered by reason of the uncertainty as to the course the candidate intends to pursue. While those who are conducting his campaign have insisted that he is returning to stand for the elections, there are many prominent members of his party who frankly confess their doubt. His followers are depending for strength on the efforts of the clubs of which they claim some thousands have been organized, chiefly throughout Vera Cruz, Oaxaca, Guerrero and the southern states.

There is no reason to expect the results of the balloting will be decided finally until weeks after the election. The law provides that the ballot must be counted and the result announced by congress. There is no congress in Mexico and there will be none until new members are elected coincident with the presidential election.

Huerta Last Resort.
It therefore, would seem to follow, as one of the candidates has pointed out, that the minister-elect of the chamber of deputies must be inducted and these bodies organized before the election can be held.

Just who will press upon the election of senators and deputies, does not appear to be clearly defined, but in the opinion of those conversant with political affairs, the judges of the supreme court will be called on, or President Huerta, having assumed unusual powers, will do so himself.

A report current in the capital that General Huerta and General Blanquet, the war minister, have been announced as candidates in the state of Chiapas, with their consent, was denied today in behalf of General Huerta by Senor Moreno, the foreign minister.

Pleased With Wilson's Speech.
MEXICO CITY, Oct. 19.—The Mexican foreign minister, Senor Moreno, commenting on the speech of Henry Lane Wilson, the former American ambassador to Mexico, at Spokane Friday night, said that such an expression from a man of his judgment and perspicacity, with an intimate knowledge of the truth about Mexico, was of great value to this country. Both President Huerta and he were greatly pleased at Mr. Wilson's efforts to correct the erroneous impressions held by the administration officials at Washington.

Senor Moreno said that Mexico had

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OUTLOOK BRIGHT ON
THE CURRENCY BILL

President Trying to Harmonize
Democrats and Republic-
ans on Measure

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Conference between President Wilson and Republican members of the senate banking and currency committee with a view toward making the pending currency bill a nonpartisan measure will be held within the next few days at the White house.

The president has been desirous that not only a report from the committee possibly November 10, but that the legislation can be enacted before the December session, provided the Republicans and Democrats come to a common agreement on the bill.

His talk with Senator Nelson, Republican of the currency situation, was most satisfactory and encouraged him to discuss the subject further with other Republicans.

From the fact, it was said today, the president has not been desirous of making the bill a party measure, though he feels that the Democratic party will be held responsible for what ever law is framed. The idea that Mr. Wilson was uncompromisingly committed to the house bill led largely to that impression, but within the last few days he has made it known that if the senate will keep the main features of the administration bill, the president will be greatly encouraged.

The president is greatly encouraged by the possibility of getting a uniform bill passed by the congress.



Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, English suffrage leader, who is detained at Ellis Island pending a decision on the appeal taken from the deportation order of the United States immigration board.

PRES. WILSON WILL TAKE HAND IN CASE OF MRS. PANKHURST

Militant Leader Threatens Hunger Strike if She Is
Exported by the United States

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The president of the United States is to take a hand in deciding the question of whether Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, militant suffragette of England, shall be admitted to this country.

President Wilson tonight called a conference for early tomorrow with Secretary Wilson of the department of labor and Commissioner General Caminetti of the immigration bureau. High government officials who are believed to know the attitude of the president predicted that Mrs. Pankhurst would be admitted.

Earlier in the day, Commissioner Caminetti, after an informal hearing of counsel, had declined to release Mrs. Pankhurst on bond. Mr. Caminetti applied to the White house for a conference. The president had been taking a keen interest in the case, realizing the important international phase of the question.

Though the statutes give the secretary of labor final authority in immigration cases, presidents hitherto have indicated the construction they desired placed on such cases.

Threatens Hunger Strike.
NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—"If I am deported, the ship taking me back will carry me to my death."

These words, carrying a veiled threat of a hunger strike, were uttered today in the immigration detention station on Ellis Island by Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the English militant suffragette who arrived here yesterday on the steamer La Provence and was ordered deported as an undesirable alien. An appeal against deportation lodged with Immigration Commissioner Caminetti in Washington is expected to be decided tomorrow. When word was received that Commissioner Caminetti had declined today to admit her to bail, Mrs. Pankhurst prepared again to sleep at the immigration station tonight.

Mrs. Pankhurst kept to her decision of yesterday not to begin a hunger strike while the prospects seemed favorable to an early decision of her case. Her appetite, in fact, was good, and she appeared to relish each of the three meals sent to her room.

Insists She Is Prisoner.
At a hotel Mrs. Blanche, Mrs. John Rodgers, Jr., and Miss Alice Perkins were ushered into Mrs. Pankhurst's room. "I am a prisoner, don't forget that," she told them. She added that she was awaiting the verdict of the Washington immigration authorities with a little impatience.

"I have never submitted to unjust imprisonment in England," said Mrs. Pankhurst, and I will not submit to it here. The steamer La Provence carries me from New York next Thursday, as the result of an order issued by the immigration authorities in Washington. The stranger will carry me to my death. I feel that I cannot last long after six weeks' strike, as much more than 24 hours, if I enter upon a second."

As a result of these hunger strikes, my stomach is in a weakened condition.

Receives Many Telegrams.
The militant suffragette leader received many telegrams since her detention. One of the telegrams contained a resolution adopted by a women's organization in Chicago and was signed by Jane Addams, Mrs. H. H. Wood, and others. The resolution

expressed sympathy for Mrs. Pankhurst and urged the release of all political prisoners.

20 SOLDIERS KILLED WHEN TRAIN WRECKS

Special Train on Mobile &
Ohio Goes Through Trestle
at State Line, Miss.

LITTLE CHANCE TO ESCAPE

Troops En Route to Participate
in the State Fair at
Meridian

MERIDIAN, Miss., Oct. 19.—Twenty soldiers of Companies 30 and 370, United States coast artillery, were killed, and about 100 others injured, this afternoon, when a special troop train on the Mobile & Ohio railroad crashed through a trestle near State Line, Miss. Division Superintendent J. H. Plaford of the Mobile & Ohio, in a report sent to headquarters of the road at Mobile, gives this number as the extent of the casualties.

The wreck was caused by the engine tender jumping the track when about 200 feet from the trestle. The engine was not derailed, but passed over the trestle. The tender broke loose from the engine, however, and with the baggage car and three coaches, plunged 25 feet to the ground.

At 9 o'clock tonight soldiers had been taken from the wreckage, and Superintendent Plaford said he was sure four more bodies were in the debris, which will not be cleared away for 24 hours.

The dead.
According to the report received here, list of the dead are:
JOSEPH A. BEN,
ERNEST PARQUETTE,
CLYDE REEL,
H. B. BLOOF,
G. C. BURKE, JR.,
JOSEPH A. BLOANCE,
W. H. BRIMM,
GOODER,
REMBEN,
GRUCKIE,
ACRE.

JOHN JOHNSON of the Ninth Regiment band,
CORPORAL KOHLER,
CORPORAL CHLEWICKI,
VAN STEEBINS, private,
ONE BODY UNIDENTIFIED, with initials "H. T." on cap.

En Route to State Fair.
One hundred and seventy-nine soldiers were on the special train. They were from Fort Morgan and Fort Benning, and were on their way to Meridian to participate in the Mississippi-Alabama joint state fair.

The coaches were well filled, and when the three cars plunged through the trestle, the men had little chance to escape. The dead and injured were entangled in a twisted mass of wreckage, making it difficult to remove dead bodies or rescue the injured.

Because of the confusion, due largely to poor wire communication, it was impossible to ascertain how many of the injured may die, or their names. The first report of the wreck sent the war department stated that 12 were killed, but soon afterward it was said that other bodies were found.

Would Go to Any Extremes.
"I cannot talk about that now," replied Mrs. Pankhurst. "As yet, I am unwilling to make public my plans or to say definitely what action I will take."

"If you are taken back, and imprisoned, will you go upon another hunger strike?"

"Certainly," was the emphatic reply. "As far as any action which the authorities at Washington may take is concerned, I will only say that if such action upholds the decision of the special board of inquiry, which ordered my deportation, I will go to any extreme to secure my entrance to the United States. It is my purpose to remain here only until December, when I will sail away."

"By any extreme, do you mean a hunger strike?" she was asked.

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CROWN PRINCE IS CALLED
BEFORE EMPEROR WILLIAM

BERLIN, Oct. 19.—Crown Prince Frederick Wilhelm arrived in Berlin from Munich this morning and was summoned to appear immediately before the emperor at Potsdam.

The subject of the crown prince's interview which followed was the recent demonstration in support of the crown prince's nomination for his father's throne. The crown prince, according to an inspired statement before the interview, was prepared to deny receipt of the imperial chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg. In this letter the prince had protested against permission being given to Prince Ernst August of Hanover, the husband of the emperor's daughter, Princess Victoria Louise, to occupy the throne of the duchy of Brunswick without his express permission. The prince had expressed his opinion that the crown prince's nomination was a violation of the constitution.

The crown prince's interview was a significant event in the German political scene, as it showed the emperor's support for his son's nomination.

WORLD FLEET TO MEET NEXT YEAR WILL PASS THROUGH PANAMA CANAL

First Will Assemble in Hampton Roads for Review by
President Wilson

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Anchored

at Hampton Roads early in 1913 will be the greatest international fleet ever gathered in American waters, assembled in answer to the invitation of the United States government to celebrate the completion of the Panama canal by making a voyage to the Pacific through the new waterway. Some of the nations with great navies may be represented by squadrons of four or more warships; others by only one or two, and some of the countries practically without navies, including vessels of the first class, will be represented only in the personnel of their legations and contingents to the Panama-Pacific exposition. The exact date of the fleet's departure will be announced within the next two months.

The formal invitation of the United States was dispatched to all the diplomatic officers of the United States abroad September 11 last, by Secretary Bryan. The president will go to Hampton Roads to review the assembled fleets as they start on their voyage to San Francisco.

It is expected that the American invitation will meet with general acceptance.

Air Fleet in Command.
The international fleet will probably be under command of an American, in all likelihood, Vice Admiral Cameron McR. Winslow, for it is expected that congress, which authorized the assembly, will make provision for this new armada rather than have the American commander outranked by some foreign naval officer. The fleet will be required for a visit to Washington by the foreign visitors will consume about a week or 10 days and then, headed by the American fleet, probably with the support of the United States navy, will take its way southward for "Colon."

It is estimated that about four days will be required to pass the fleet through the locks and the canal, and about twice that length of time will be required to replenish the coal bunkers and oil tanks of the ships, before they resume their cruise this time steaming northward for San Francisco. Altogether, it is planned to make the complete voyage from Hampton Roads to the Golden Gate in 42 days, which will include a stop of a day or two at some convenient harbor or roadstead on the Pacific coast, probably Magdalena Bay, for additional fuel and supplies. At San Francisco, there will be elaborate ceremonies conducted, and when these have concluded the great fleet will break up and the different squadrons start for their respective home ports.

Mr. Wilson then reviews the circumstances leading up to the invitation to the ambassador in London. A London dispatch was published in this country August 11 stating that one of the factors determining British recognition of the Mexican provisional government was the recognition of the American ambassador in London on the occasion of his reception in the diplomatic corps. Mr. Wilson said he did not believe this came from an official British source, and had decided to maintain an attitude of reserve until the next two days, in order to see what the British government's position was.

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MADE \$500,000 AS CLAIRVOYANT

CHICAGO MAN ADMITS
BIG SWINDLE
Tells of Operating Under
Police Protection and
What It Costs

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—The confession of William E. Russell, a well-known vagrant who admitted he had swindled clients out of half a million dollars, was made public today by State Attorney Hoyt. In his confession, Russell reveals the regulation ways for operating with police protection, and names many celebrities and big game hunters to whom he sold the swindle of dollars.

Russell, who was arrested yesterday, confessed that he had swindled clients out of half a million dollars, and that he had operated with police protection. He said that he had been in the business for many years, and that he had made a fortune out of it. He said that he had been in the business for many years, and that he had made a fortune out of it.

Russell's confession was a sensational one, as it revealed the inner workings of a large-scale swindle. He said that he had been in the business for many years, and that he had made a fortune out of it. He said that he had been in the business for many years, and that he had made a fortune out of it.

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BRYAN FAILS AS DIPLOMAT, SAYS WILSON

Former Ambassador to Mexico
Denounces Policy of the
State Department

INTERVENTION IS PROBABLE

Gives Inside Story of Capture
Which Led to His
Resignation

SPOKANE, Wash., Oct. 19.—The letter to Secretary of State Bryan, in which Henry Lane Wilson tendered his resignation as American ambassador to Mexico, was made public here today by Mr. Wilson. The letter was written in Indianapolis, Ind., August 14, in part, Mr. Wilson wrote:

"I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your note of August 14, transmitting a copy of a telegram, instructing the department of state to the American ambassador in London, directing him to disclaim all responsibility on the part of this government for an intervention attributed to me. The closing paragraph of the instruction referred to, states that 'the regrets exceedingly that a diplomatic official of this government should have been guilty of such an impropriety.' The last paragraph of your note to me states that 'the president does not guarantee at this time because he takes it for granted that the action which he has been obliged to take in this matter will be to remove sufficient number of your official obligations.'"

Wanted to Talk Dollars.
Mr. Wilson calls attention to a memorandum of his dated August 18, urging to refrain from public comment on the instructions to the ambassador in London or the note to him, but adds that he "must respectfully decline to accept as definite or just the action of the president or the department over which you preside in this matter."

"There is," he writes, "a just limit to my silence and I shall not permit myself to be made the victim of a bait and unmerited rebuke without placing on record with you my address and solemn protest."

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EAST ST. LOUIS HAS MILLION-DOLLAR FIRE

Railroad Terminals Are
Threatened With Com-
plete Destruction

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—The third disastrous fire in three years swept the business district of the city this evening, causing a loss of \$400,000. A half city block containing two hard ware stores, two furniture stores, a flour and feed store, was swept clean by the flames, which were under control shortly before midnight.

The fire started in the Ottumwa Hardware store building and soon spread to the stock of powder and ammunition which extended the blaze in every direction.

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News of the Week From Across the Water

By Special Cable From the International News Service

GERMANY IS DEEPLY GRIEVED BY FRENCH MILITARY COUP

New Franco-Spanish Treaty Soon Will
Be Signed; Holland Cabinet
Crisis About Over

By FREDERICK WERNER.

BERLIN, Oct. 18.—The feelings of Germany have been very much hurt because the French government has seen fit to carry out some suggestions made a couple of months ago by Senator Berenger in a Paris daily in regard to providing against a German invasion into France by way of the little Grand Duchy of Luxembourg in case of a Franco-German war.

It is not denied here that the French defenses were exceedingly weak on the points mentioned by the French senator and that a German attack would have better chances of success there than anywhere else. Nor is it denied that the French government has a perfect right to strengthen its frontier garrisons as it sees fit. But Germans are deeply hurt because the movement of French troops seems to give an official imprimatur to Senator Berenger's accusation that Germany would not for a single moment hesitate to violate the neutrality of Luxembourg.

To deprive this claim the German press with the most charming child-like innocence quotes a paragraph of the agreement of November 11, 1902, whereby the German government acquired control of the railroads of Luxembourg.

What Agreement Provides.

The paragraph reads: "The Imperial German administration of railways in Alsace-Lorraine binds themselves under no circumstances to use the said railroads of Luxembourg for the purpose of transporting troops, arms, ammunition or war material of any kind and during a war to undertake any action violating the neutrality of Luxembourg."

To suppose that Germany even in case of war should go back on her written promise is an insult to the German people an insult so serious that some of our prominent military jingoes even advocated attacking France through the "hole at Luxembourg" before France could finish her preparations.

Italian Elections.

In Italy the new elections to the parliament which are to take place at the end of the month have placed the authorities of the Vatican in a rather embarrassing position. They have to take their choice between two evils both of which are equally serious.

On the one side, of course, the Vatican is bound to use every effort to prevent the election of an anti-clerical majority to the chamber, and on the other side a strong Catholic party in the new parliament would be almost a certainty.

The pope will therefore allow the Catholic members who are now elected in the Italian chamber to be candidates for reelection, but everywhere else the papal decree against participation in the elections will remain in force except in those districts which are to elect an anti-clerical party unless the clerical vote against him.

To get such support from the orthodox Catholics, every candidate must have an agreement with the Vatican.

Killed Japanese Official for Love of His Country

TOKIO, Oct. 15.—The recent assassination of Mr. Abe, the director of the political bureau of the Japanese foreign office, is attributed here to the violent abuse showered on the government at all times of crisis by the local press.

Further details of the murder show that he had come to meet a Japanese minister at Peking in Shanghai station.

On walking back to his house he was set upon by two ruffians, hidden behind the garden gate, and while one held his hands from behind the other plunged a dagger into his stomach, inflicting a mortal wound, from which death resulted at the next morning.

One of the murderers, a convicted "peppuk" in the Japanese fiction, while another was arrested on board a steamer, trying to make his escape out of the country to Japan. An American police officer is now in charge of the investigation.

Left Remarkable Letter.

A remarkable letter was left behind by Mitsuru Okada, the assassin, who committed "peppuk" in the house of a Japanese minister at Peking. The letter was addressed to the Japanese government and was signed "Mitsuru Okada, a Japanese patriot."

The young man had asked Mr. Shimizu to inform the Japanese government of his whereabouts, and while Mr. Shimizu was away he committed the murder.

"Japanese diplomacy has now reached me, but I have come here to appeal to the heart of the Japanese people," he wrote. "I have two men in my pocket. This is the present Japanese policy. I have two men in my pocket. This is the present Japanese policy. I have two men in my pocket. This is the present Japanese policy."



KING OTTO, MAD MONARCH OF BAVARIA.

MUNICH, Oct. 18.—Otto, the mad king of Bavaria, is reported to be falling rapidly. Among other things he is tormented with carbuncles. The Bavarians receive the news thankfully. Otto now has been king of Bavaria for 27 years, but he has never been seen by his subjects since his accession to the throne.

For 27 years Otto has been a prisoner in his forest castle of Furstentried, hopelessly insane and knowing nothing of the course history is taking outside his prison walls. Although he has never remained the real king of Bavaria, in whose name the law is read, and the money is coined. For 27 years his life has been one of total oblivion, with only an occasional glimpse of light in the darkness of his mind.

King Otto is not a dangerous madman. He lives in a world of his own with spirits born of his imagination, with which he carries on long conversations. His indifference to his surroundings has grown more pronounced as the years have gone by. He eats, drinks and sleeps mechanically and sits for the most part of the time on the floor. He recently developed a strong dislike for all ordinary sorts of food and began to eat various herbs and particularly a great quantity of peas. This extraordinary diet is believed to have caused his present illness.

Many unsuccessful attempts have been made to dethrone Otto as king and proclaim Prince Ludwig, the regent, his successor. Bavaria is the most important non-Prussian state in the German empire, but has been handicapped through not being represented by a full fledged king.

North Sea, the Mediterranean and the Black Sea.

The North German Lloyd and Hamburg lines have already voluntarily complied with these regulations, which are indeed thought to have been suggested by the Kaiser's friend, Herr Ballin of the Hamburg-American line.

RAILWAY EMPLOYEES MUST NOT INDULGE

New Ruling in France Puts
Ban on Frequentation
of Saloons

PARIS, Oct. 18.—It is announced here that M. Clavelle, general director of state highways, has forbidden the buffet and refreshment rooms on his system to serve railway employees, workmen and functionaries with alcohol or alcoholic drinks. "Railway officials" so runs the note which exercises a continuous supervision to prevent employees and workmen from leaving the premises of the station or entering the buffet and refreshment rooms during their hours of service. They must also be on their guard against the introduction of alcoholic drinks into these premises.

The officials themselves are also enjoined to exercise the utmost possible reserve in their frequentation of places of refreshment, in order to present the stuffy indifference and a permanent example of dignity and moderation.

M. Clavelle even goes so far as to prohibit the customary meetings in the buffet of the station of the directors of the railways, the presidents of the railway unions, and the presidents of the railway unions.

Four Girls Killed on Eve of Their Wedding in Storm

BUDAPEST, Oct. 18.—Four girls who were to have been married were killed by lightning on the eve of their wedding in Hungary.

They were all young women, and they were on their way to the church on the evening of their wedding. They were all killed by lightning, and their bodies were found in the churchyard.

RED TAPE CURSE OF FRANCE; ALL LAWS COMPLEX

PLANTAIN CAN'T IMPORT
CUBAN CIGARS

Latest French Dance Is Dedicated to Former President Taft.

By GEORGES DUFRESNE.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—The curse of this country is red tape. You cannot stay in France a week without running up against it and few, even among natives, escape being continually tangled in it. Some time this summer I told you a little tale of a Parisian, who got tangled up when, at the seashore, he tried to carry seawater from the beach to his house in order to give his child a treatment of hot sea baths. This time I have to tell of a disgusted French emigrant who after making a fortune as a tobacco grower in Cuba, wanted to spend the rest of his life in his native country, but who, disgusted with the national red tape, returned to Cuba determined never to set foot in France again.

As my American readers are perhaps aware we are blessed here with a number of government monopolies. Our government supplies us with matches, most of which are absolutely fireproof, and also with the most abominable tobacco and cigars in the world.

Plantain and Red Tape.

The planter, who came here from Cuba, decided to give us a chance to taste a real good cigar, so when he arrived here he brought along 25,000 choice Havanas, and being an honest man he declared them and was prepared to pay the duty on them when he arrived in Havre. The result was a violent collision with our red tape. The government regulations say that "Havana cigars must be bought in Havana," but as the man was a Frenchman and had, according to his



own explanation, raised the cigars on his own plantation and not bought them in Havana, he must fill them to the government, not a Havana cigar, but as "Norman or Flemish tobacco or tobacco from the Yongs." This would mean that he must destroy the value of his one-third of their value, so he refused to comply with the request, and began to move heaven and earth and write letters to the press.

He had an interview with the minister of finance, who after sampling his Havanas, promised to do all he could for him. But even this high official was powerless against the red tape and the best he could do was to persuade the administration of the tobacco monopoly to be as lenient as possible.

The French-Cuban received an invitation to call on the chief of that department, radiant because his marvelous brain had found a way out of the difficulty.

"I have splendid news for you," he said to the planter, "all your troubles are over. All you have to do now is to ship your excellent cigars back to Havana and we will wire our buyers there to buy them all."

By next boat the planter as well as the cigars returned to Havana, never to be seen here again.

Latest French Dances.

Filled with a deep sense of gratitude towards America which has given us the "Turkey trot," the "grizzly hug" and the "tango," a French composer has invented a new original dance, "La Tremoultarde," which is all the rage here and which he intends to dedicate to ex-President Taft, because it is guaranteed to make you lose flesh at the rate of at least five pounds a week.

Everybody is "tremoultarding" in Paris now in Pwburg Saint Germain as well as at "Bal Tabarin," Choez "L'Abbaye," "chez Maxima" and in all the dance halls of Montmartre and Quartier Latin.

The inventor and composer of the dance having left Paris for parts unknown, the interviewers, philologists are quarreling about the origin of the name of the dance. Jean Richepin is soon to address the venerable members of the academy on the tango and who will on that occasion also discuss the "tremoultarde." It is convinced that the name was derived from the verb "tremousser"—to hop and skip about, or "se tremousser"—to flap your wings—but other persons almost equally famous insist that "tremoultarde" is an abbreviation of "tres moultard," much mustard, and I am too sensible to take any side.

One of the advantages of the "tremoultarde" is its simplicity. You lay your arm about the waist of your partner and together you sway back and forth for several moments before you begin revolving, moving your elbows and hips up and down in time to the music, while your knees must remain rigid. The music grows faster and faster, the dancers avoiding the center of the floor rolling along the walls until exhausted.

We are all anxious to hear how America will like our return gift.

Girl White Slave Victim.

When she reached the Gare du Nord she had only her bare train fare. She was on the point of taking her ticket when a very imposing gentleman entered into conversation with her. He promised to find a good situation for

GRAND DUKE MICHAEL DOES NOT COVEI RUSSIAN THRONE

Lives Like Country Gentleman on English
Estate; Home Rule Question Now
Apparently Dead Issue

By PHILIP EVERETT.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—It is a great relief to me when a son was born to the czar relieving me of the obligation of becoming czar in case of my brother's death. It is a dignity that is not a very enviable one.

So said the Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, brother of czar Nicholas, who in order to marry the woman he loved, resigned all claims to the Russian throne and is living in England, practically banished from his native land. In an interview granted me today after I had presented a letter of introduction from Queen Alexandra, the queen mother of Great Britain.

The grand duke spoke his mind freely. He appeared pleased at the opportunity to speak to the American people, who he said, believed must have gained a false impression of him because of the stories circulated to the effect that he had plotted against the czar and the czarvitch.

Scoffs at Stories.

"I will not ask you to deny the story that I am a Nihilist," said the grand duke. "And that I have been suspected of plotting against my imperial brother and his little son, because I cannot imagine anyone being foolish enough to believe such a tale."

Armed with my letter of introduction I sought the brother of Russia's imperial autocrat and found him at his English residence, Knebworth, the beautiful castle in Hertfordshire, which he has leased from the Earl of Lytton.

The duke received me cordially. He is very democratic, and asked me to be kind enough to overlook the fact that he is the brother of an emperor, and to kindly address him as if he were an ordinary mortal.

The grand duke arrived in England only a little over two weeks ago. He speaks English fluently, but prefers to speak French, and it was in that language that the interview was held.

"I do want you, however, to say for me that there are absolutely no bitter feelings between the czar and myself," went on the grand duke. "And if the czar ever visits England, everybody will have a chance to see that we are anything but personal enemies. The fact is that even within his own family the czar is not such an autocrat as the world believes, but is bound to follow very strict family laws, which left him no choice in my case. Being forced to obey the laws of the Romanoff family he could not possibly sanction my marriage, which I look upon as a purely personal affair, since I am no longer heir to the throne."

"I have come to England because I want to live quietly like any other ordinary human being. I do not care for society, and beyond seeing my mother and other near relatives here I expect to meet very few people. The people here understand and respect my wish."

her in Paris. The naive Belgian girl persuaded herself that her mission to Paris had not been in vain after all, and readily accompanied the fine gentleman in a taxicab, which stopped at a hotel in the Rue de la Chapelle de Mars.

It was not long before Eloise made the discovery that she was in the hands of a white slave trafficker. She is a shrewd little girl, and there and then decided that she would not act a part. She accompanied the trafficker to a restaurant in the Rue de la Chapelle, where she was presented to an elegantly dressed woman, who informed her that she would take the first train to Marseilles that same evening and call for South America.

The little Belgian with all her wit about her pretended to consent to the arrangement that had been made for her future. She succeeded in eluding her newly-found "friends" for a moment, and told a servant in the establishment what had happened. The servant lost no time in informing the police, who arrived on the scene and arrested the trafficker. Who if seems had arrived from Buenos Aires a few days before. Eloise was taken to the Belgian legation, where arrangements have been made for her return home.

Refusing his offer to conduct them over the basement of the building on the chance that the monument, which was the way, was a few feet high and weighed half a ton, was hiding in a corner, the young Secularists were off in a dudgeon to Zola's grave at the Pere Lachaise, where they deposited their votive wreath. Naturally, the news that the bulky monument was missing was soon bruited abroad, and an inquiry was instituted by the administration of the Beaux-Arts.

It appears that things are not so bad as the young Secularists feared. The monument had not been lost. It had merely been misplaced. It has, in fact, been discovered peacefully mouldering in a forgotten lumber-room of the Grand Palais, the curators of which must be delightfully casual persons.

The administration of the Beaux-Arts washes its hands of the responsibility in an official note. The monument, it says, "does not belong to the state, and therefore did not figure in the official inventory."

HOOLIGANS-TROUBLE BENGAL AUTHORITIES

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.—Recent and repeated outbreaks of hooliganism on the part of young Englishmen in Calcutta are troubling the government of Bengal.

On a recent night there was such violent conduct at the Grand opera house that an entertainment before a large audience had to be stopped. There was similar conduct at the Grand opera in Calcutta. These outbreaks are the subject of universal condemnation in the newspapers. The press is asking the government to take such steps as to prevent a repetition of these incidents, which are calculated to lower the prestige of the ruling class in this country.

SECULARISTS FOUND MONUMENT AT LAST

Was Not "Lost," but Only
"Misplaced," in old Lum-
ber Building.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—Thirty delegates of the Young Men's Secularist association, which has been holding a congress in Paris under the distinguished patronage of M. Anatole France, among others, made their way to the Grand Palais to lay a wreath on the pedestal of a monument to Zola by Constantine Meunier, which they understood to be housed there. Much to their surprise and dismay, the curators of the Grand Palais, who received them at the door, blandly professed an entire ignorance of the existence of such a monument.

Refusing his offer to conduct them over the basement of the building on the chance that the monument, which was the way, was a few feet high and weighed half a ton, was hiding in a corner, the young Secularists were off in a dudgeon to Zola's grave at the Pere Lachaise, where they deposited their votive wreath. Naturally, the news that the bulky monument was missing was soon bruited abroad, and an inquiry was instituted by the administration of the Beaux-Arts.

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From the first, it was said today, the President did not feel draughts of making the bill a party measure though he feels that the Democratic Party will be held responsible for whatever law is framed. The idea that Mr. Wilson was uncompromisingly committed to the house bill led largely to that impression, but within the last few days he has made it known that he is willing to help in the matter continuously, when the administration desires changes in harmony with the fundamentals will be acceptable.

The President is greatly encouraged over the possibility of getting a united report from the committee.

is the throne of Hanover. The birth of the interloper, however, gave rise to the belief that possibly the crown prince's explanation was not entirely satisfactory.

that the district committee would not name William Solzer for the absent-
ing vacancy, as Francis W. Bird, Pro-
gressive county chairman, had dis-
approved of the plan.

Continued on Page Three)

was out except for the heap of smudged
dark ash. The area ravaged by li-
quid poured through blocks. Be-
cause of the ash and spectators were in-
jured by the explosion.

Toilet Aids

Our stock of toilet goods is very complete, and all goods are of the most worthy character. Worthy does not mean high priced—we afford a wide range of prices in all lines—but from the cheapest to the best each article affords utmost value for the cost.

When you need Soaps, Combs, Tooth or Hair Brushes, Bath Supplies, or any Toilet Articles or Preparations, you will find it worth while to come here for them.

We have just received a line of Hand Mirrors in white goods. You will find them 50% cheaper than anything of the kind you have ever priced.

The D. Y. Butcher Drug Co.

PHONES MAIN 90-AND 750 CORNER OPP. P. O.
We maintain the quickest delivery service in this town

Plush Hats, \$4.00 and \$5.00 values, on sale Mon-Sat \$2.00 day, your choice, at

POLANT'S

FURNITURE AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS
Cash or Credit

The Dress
1 1/2 N. Tejon Opp. North Park

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Forecast Colorado—Fair Monday, warmer east portion Tuesday.

CITY BRIEFS

AIKEN, furrier. Phone Main 534. Adv.
MISS MERRILL SMITH'S dancing classes are being held at the San Luis school every Monday and Tuesday. Phone Main 1885. Adv.

MINISTERS MEET.—The El Paso County Ministerial association will hold a regular meeting this morning at 10:30 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A.

MARRIAGE.—William R. Chappell and Mrs. Kathryn Berryhill, both of Colorado Springs, were married last night at the home of William Berryhill, 324 East Yampa street, the Rev. Merle N. Smith, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church, officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Chappell will reside in this city.

Personal Mention

W. A. Golden, of the local postoffice, has returned from the Trinidad coal mining district where he spent several days in investigating federal matters in connection with the coal strike. Mr. Golden reports that nothing of importance was learned during his investigations in connection with the investigation with the government mail coach several days ago.

H. G. Spencer, clerk of the United Methodist church of Colorado Springs, left last night for Chicago where he will attend the general convention of the church which opens tomorrow and continues here.

Miss M. and Mrs. Ben. Sachs, Mrs. Anna C. Sachs, of the Metropolitan Grand Opera company, and Mrs. M. Sachs, of the Salzedo are in the city.

Deaths and Funerals

E. M. RUNDEL DIES

Funeral services for E. M. Rundel, who died last night, will be held at 2 p. m. today at the residence of Mrs. Rundel, 1115 E. Tejon street.

★ Established in 1871, with the Town

Houses For Rent

Wills, Spackman & Kent

INCORPORATED, REAL ESTATE, LOANS
GAYLARD BUILDING, 15 E. PIKE ST. AVE.

Artistic Favors

With you could come in and see the beautiful crackers or mince we have just unpacked. The assortment includes nearly all the colors of the rainbow, to help you carry out your favorite color scheme.

With you could see the dainty twin cups for holding two kinds of nuts or candy and the other attractive looking paper cases, too. They all add so much to the well-appointed table.

Come in and let Miss Field show them to you.

Burgess

PHONE MAIN EIGHTY-THREE
112-114 N. TEJON ST.

GIRLS

The Craftwood Shops
19 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

Griswold resided in San Francisco with Mrs. Griswold who survives him.

Colorado City News

Don't miss the Monday sale at the Mariposa Millinery. Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. William G. Darrow have returned from an extended visit with relatives in Pekin, Ill.

W. S. Wilson and Henry Long returned yesterday from a duck-hunting trip near Florence. They brought back more than 100 birds.

WHILE A HIDDEN QUAIL LAUGHED

From the New York Post
Concealed in bushes a French sportsman near Nimes was mimicking the call of a quail. Hearing the sound, and mistaking it for the note of a real bird, another sportsman began to creep up to the covert.

He repeated the call, which was in turn mistaken by the first sportsman for that of a natural quail. Both sportsmen eventually fired and each was wounded though not dangerously.

A WANT AD IN THE GAZETTE BRINGS RESULTS

Your Fall Hat

Beautiful models at reasonable price.
Hinner's
6 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

We Will Not Follow, but Lead.

OPERA HOUSE PHARMACY

Sacrifice Sale of Used Pianos

Taken in exchange on Pianos, returned from rental, etc.
\$35.00 and upward. Easy terms.
No reasonable offer refused.
We must have room for new Pianos.

Knight-Campbell Music Co.
122 N. Tejon St. Phone Main 555

One Thousand Families in Colorado Springs and Broadmoor use

MOWRY'S Golden Glow Butter

We churn daily and deliver the Butter and Buttermilk direct to them.

MOWRY'S Ice Cream, Ices and Sherbets

Any flavor of color, in bulk or in brick form.

MOWRY'S CREAMERY AND ICE CREAM FACTORY

115 E. Cache la Poudre St. Phone 1184

Opera House

MONDAY, OCT. 20TH
BARTLEY CAMPBELL'S
Picturesque Stage Story of the Sunny South

The White Slave

See the World's Famous Scenes here more

The Quaker's Path
The Fair of the Slave at Rio de Janeiro

A Beautiful Play—Beautifully Produced.
Seats Now Selling
PRICES 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50

COMBY AUDIENCES GROW

(Continued From Page Four)
of the industries of our state where women are employed. We know that the minimum wage is a good thing, and workable despite what many selfish employers say to the contrary.

Mr. Bird, the Massachusetts Progressive candidate for governor, is a level-headed employer. He has established the cotton mills in the state, and he has enabled to live in them. He is making a fair profit.

Opposes Strike Injunctions.
Mind you, no employer can operate a piece of machinery in his factory or elsewhere for less than the cost of maintenance. He must pay for oil used on the machine, he must pay for the power with which it is operated, and he must pay for the replacement of the broken parts. If the physical law of our time makes this necessary then why should an employer be permitted to work a human being higher any one of us here for less than the cost of maintenance for less than the cost of food?

In explaining the Progressive plan for correcting the abuses of the writ of injunction, Mr. Comby said 80 percent of the injunctions issued in labor disputes were unnecessary and should never have been granted.

"Whenever union labor men go on a strike," he said, "the employer goes to the court and asks he fears that the workers are going to damage his property. Without evidence that there is even a likelihood that property is going to be damaged, the courts, in most instances, issue an injunction."

"Now, we propose that when there is a dispute between employer and employee, that injunction shall not be heard until both sides have been heard, and then only after the mayor testifies that he is no longer able to cope with the strike situation."

GAZE 60¢ A MONTH

Recital

Gordon Russell Thayer
PIANIST

Wednesday, October 29th,
at the
GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Tickets: \$1.00, 75c and 50c
At Willis' Salesroom,
Princess Building

Choice Articles from the Philippine to you at one-fourth ordinary retail prices.

LUCHAN AND BANKOK HAT—very best grade of the famous Panama hats made under water by hand, can be crumpled and not lose shape. ABSOLUTELY 100% BEST, made for both Ladies and Gentlemen.

LADIES' HATS, 10 and 15 Dollars. GENTS' HATS, 5 and 10 Dollars.

ROMBLON MATS—Handmade and most durable grass mats or rugs made in the world. Beautiful colors and designs. Largest. We will three-fourths off the floor of room.

THREE SIZES OF ROMBLON MATS, 5, 7 and 10 Dollars.

MANILA CIGARS \$3.00 a box for a trial box of the very best cigars made in the Philippines from the best Philippine tobacco for which these cigars are famous.

PHILIPPINE POST CARDS—Views and Scenes from all parts of Islands, very beautiful, 25¢ all different, 50¢ a Dollar.

Sent by registered mail, free of all duties on receipt.

C. A. SHORT & CO., Ltd., Manila, Philippines.

The Shee Doctor

Has moved, from 116 East Huerfano to 126 East Huerfano street, with a full line of machinery.

Men's Soles: 75c; Rubber Heels, 35c.

D. F. LAW FUNERAL DIRECTOR

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Repair Work

Is a life issue. We have the very best plumbers we can find. Give us a try.

IRWIN & PRIDGEN
House Phone, 5814W, Office, 3381M
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For Cut Flowers call CRUMP

Phone 500 511 E. Columbia

I Cure Piles

Permanently, by simple local treatment. No knife, no chloroform, no danger, thousands of cured patients in all parts of Colorado. Established 15 years. Free 62-page book will give a particular call or write for it.

DR. J. F. BOWERS
BART BLOCK
DENVER, COLO.



GEORGE JAY GOULD

The American millionaire and his sons Jay and Kingdon, are having great sport hunting on the grounds of Castle Menzies, Perthshire. Five hundred and seventy brace of grouse and 80 hares in four days' shooting is the record of this sport-loving trio. The generous treatment accorded the help by the Goulds have made them extremely popular among the peasant class.

AFTER A FULL COURSE IN THEATER GOING

From the American Magazine.
James Montgomery Flagg, the famous wit and artist, contributes in words and pictures an amusing article on going to the theater. He says: "After you have taken a full course in theatergoing you are led to make the following observations:

"Tallow candles used on the stage must be abnormally powerful. When one is brought into a dark room the room gradually becomes as brilliantly illuminated as Child's restaurant. Not suddenly, but gradually.

"Women who come to the theater hatted always wait until the curtain starts up before they remove their lids. I have seen men in aisle seats who did not get up and go out between the acts.

"Billy Burke and, hence, all other young actresses with yellow hair say, 'Don't' when they mean 'Don't.' It's awful cute, but it makes you want to go outdoors and kick a blind black-and-tan terrier into the Ambrose channel.

"When the courtroom boy in the foyer says several times in quick succession to you 'Check your coat!' you wish there were some way of getting around that notice in the delectable about killing.

"An actor who portrays a character lower socially and morally and physically than the average run of shad gets greater applause than one who portrays a character considerably higher in scale. Which is unjust, because it is not very difficult to assume a lower status. Try it yourself and see.

"The actor who plays an American business man, especially the British brand of actor, always finds it necessary, in order to put the character over, to chew a large cigar until he is blue and blow smoke generously in the face of every woman in the play.

"You add to this a few of the broadminded you hear:

"Yes, we go to the theater four or five nights a week—what else is there to do, evenings?

"We go every year to see John Drew, of course. He's a regular institution.

"I can't stand May Irvin, but she is funny."

"Gee, aren't those rotten seats? They told me they were not under the balcony."

"Between the acts, she (laughing) 'You always ask me if I mind, John—but you always go out!'"

TO TAX NEW YORK'S BILL BOARDS

From the Rochester Democrat and Chronicle

During the last eight months a commission appointed by the late Mayor Gaynor has been examining into bill-board conditions in the metropolis and has just made a voluminous report. Many objections to the erection of billboards were made the subject of investigation, and most of the complaints were declared to be well grounded. It is suggested by the commission that billboards should not only be taxed, but their designs should be placed under strict censorship. An interesting conclusion of the commission is that this class of advertising is not so profitable to merchants as other forms of publicity. Should this impression gain ground the big billboard question would quickly solve itself.

Concert Tonight

FIRST OF MUSICAL CLUB SERIES



MISS ANNA CASE

SOPRANO and CARLOS SALZEDO, HARPIST

Tickets for boxes of four concert \$2 \$3 \$4 \$5 and \$6
Single concert 50c to \$2.00
On sale at the Willis Salesroom, Princess Theater Bldg.

7%
MOUNTAIN STATES TELEPHONE STOCK
We offer a limited amount of this stock at \$101 per share.

NEWBOLD, TAYLOR & GAUSS
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ELECTRICAL UTILITIES A SPECIALTY
Suite 401, Mining Exchange Bldg.
Representing WILLIAM P. BONRIGHT & CO., Incorporated
New York Boston Philadelphia Detroit

Thrift a Simple Thing

Cultivate the savings habit. Stop wasting, stop indulging in the things we cannot afford, have an object for which to work. Save a part of your earnings, and open a savings account with THE ASSURANCE SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, and thus accumulate a fund for some useful purpose.

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Direct Private Wires to All Exchanges.
195-127 West Pikes Peak Ave.

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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO
CAPITAL AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$1,000,000
WE ISSUE LETTERS OF CREDIT AND TRAVELERS' CHECKS.
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CAPITAL, \$100,000. SURPLUS, \$75,000.
R. JONES and P. H. JONES, Cashiers.

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CAPITAL AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$1,000,000
TRAVELERS' CHECKS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT. SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES.
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